

**Name of Camp:** Neuengamme

**Location of Camp:** On the Elbe River near Hamburg, Germany.

**Brief description of the Camp:**

Neuengamme was built in December 1938 and served as a place of transfer from the Sachsenhausen camp until June 4, 1940. At which point prisoners worked to construct brick buildings along the Elbe River, even mining clay for the bricks.

**How many people were imprisoned at the Camp? How many people perished at the Camp?**

The estimated number of prisoners was 106,000. More than half perished there.

**What were the dates that the Camp was in existence?**

Although Neuengamme was built in 1938, it became a more major camp in 1940. The camp was in full operation until its liberation by the British Army in May 1945.

**When was the Camp liberated? Who liberated the Camp?**

Neuengamme was liberated in May 1945 by the British Army. However, prior to its liberation, many prisoners were sent on death marches or transferred to camps such as Auschwitz and Majdanek, likely to limit the number of people that were liberated.

**Other interesting facts:**

- In the last weeks of the war, Neuengamme was evacuated and so began one of the worst death marches.
- Neuengamme was a center for experimental medical research, particularly dealing with tuberculosis. The majority of this experimentation, including surgeries, was performed on children between the ages of six and twelve.

